

# EECS498-003 Formal Verification of Systems Software

Material and slides created by

Jon Howell and Manos Kapritsos

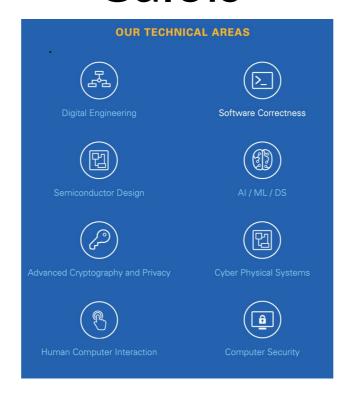


#### Formal Methods in the Field

#### **Amazon**

Cedar: A New
Language for
Expressive, Fast,
Safe, and
Analyzable
"Cedar is used at scale in
Authorization
Amazon Verified Access"

#### Galois



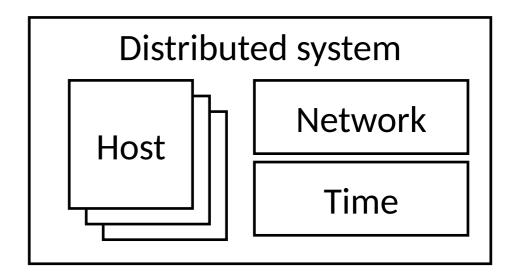
#### **Imandra**

Formal Verification of Financial

Infrastructure
"Firms like Goldman Sachs, Itiviti
and OneChronos rely upon
Imandra's algorithm governance
tools for the design, regulation and
calibration of many of their most
complex algorithms."

# Revisiting the distributed system model

- Composite state machine
  - Hosts
  - Network
  - Time



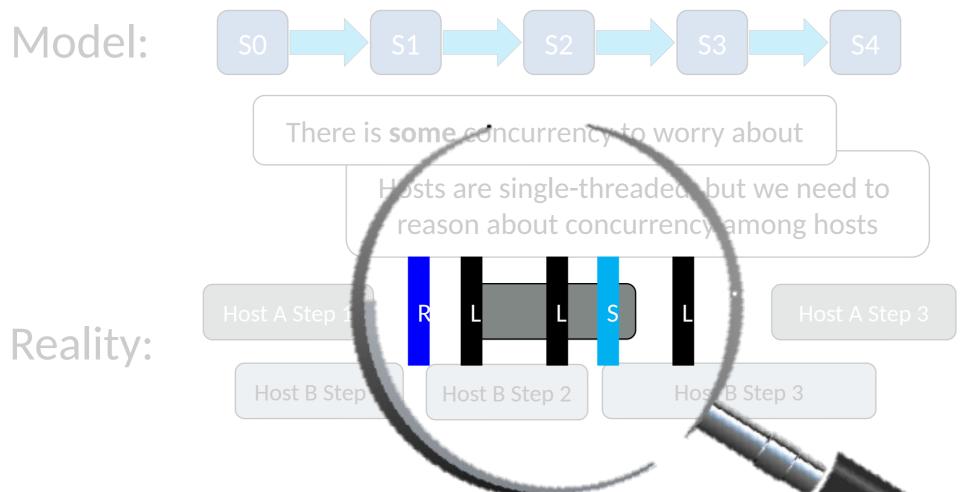
In each step of this state machine:

- at most one Host takes a step, together with the Network
- or Time advances





## Are the steps really atomic?

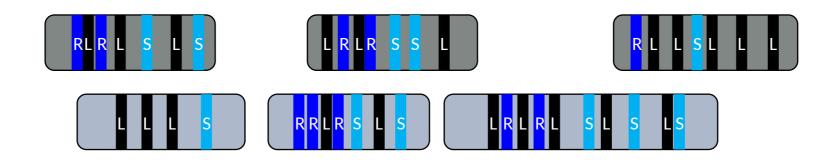


02/07/2025

CS498-003



#### A distributed execution in real life

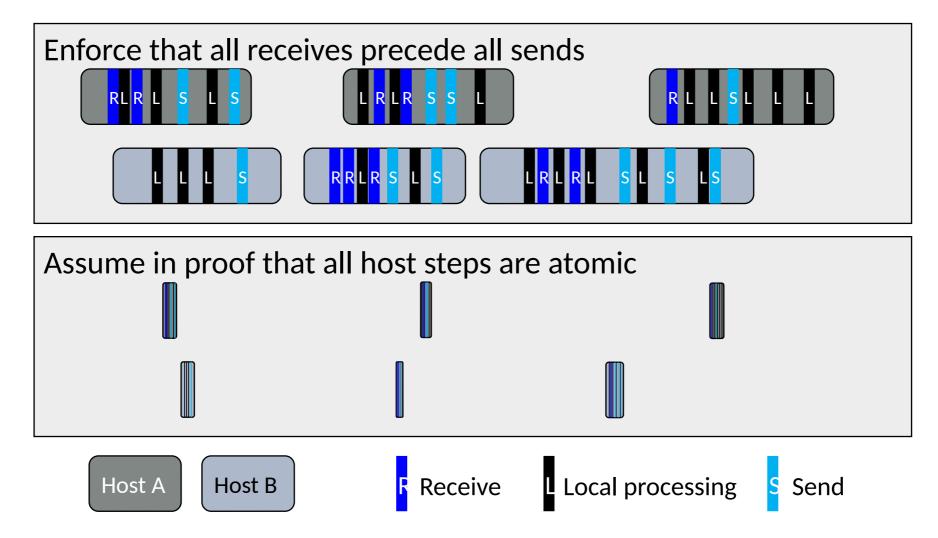


Reason about all possible interleavings of the substeps?



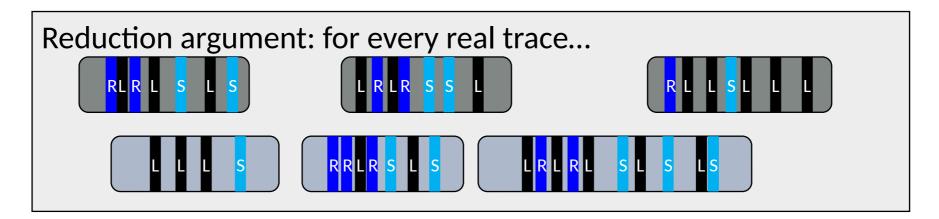


#### **Concurrency containment**





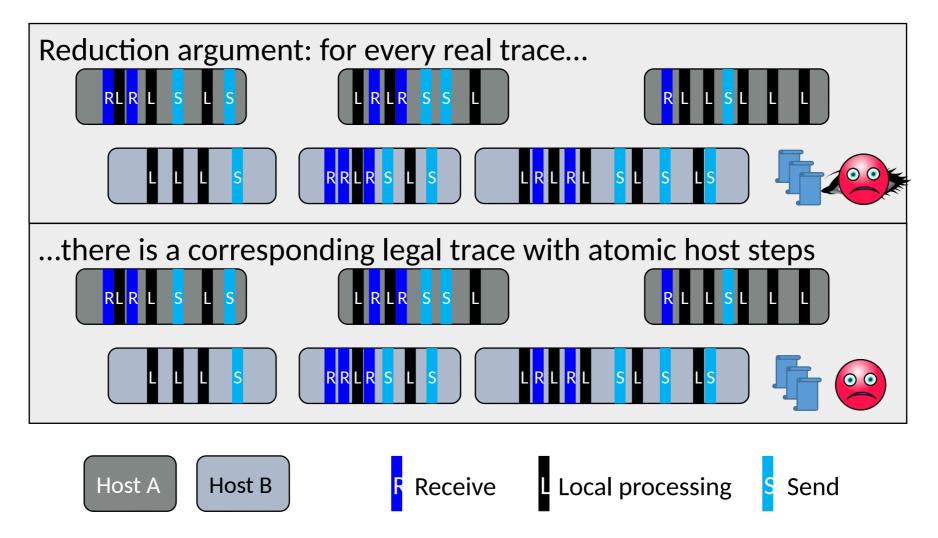
#### **Concurrency containment**







#### **Concurrency containment**



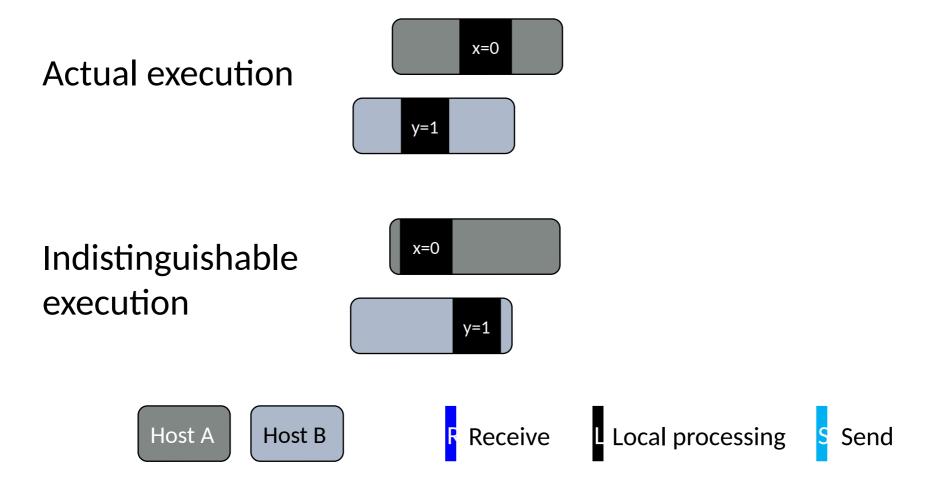


# The concept of "movers"

x=0**Actual execution** y=1 Indistinguishable  $\chi=0$ execution y=1 Receive Local processing Send Host B Host A

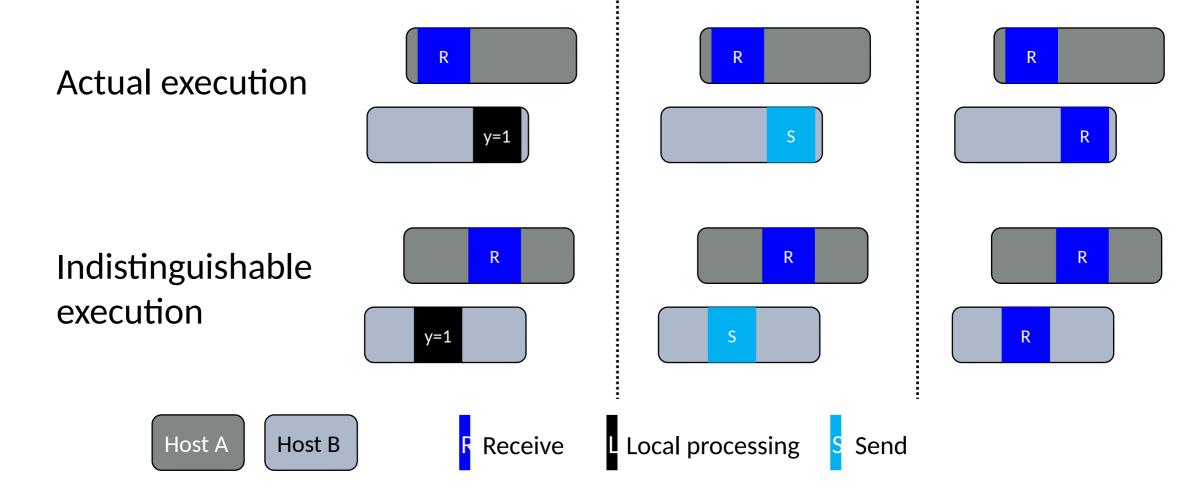


## Local computations can move either way



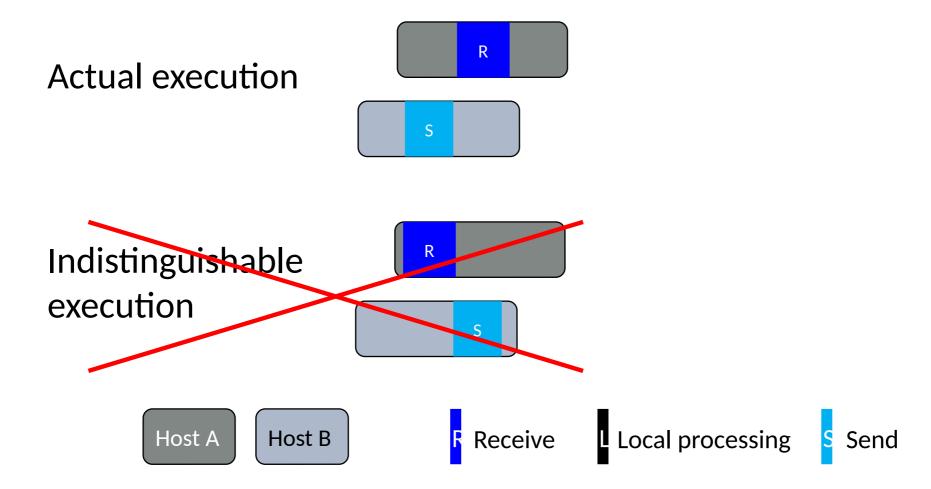


## Receives are right movers



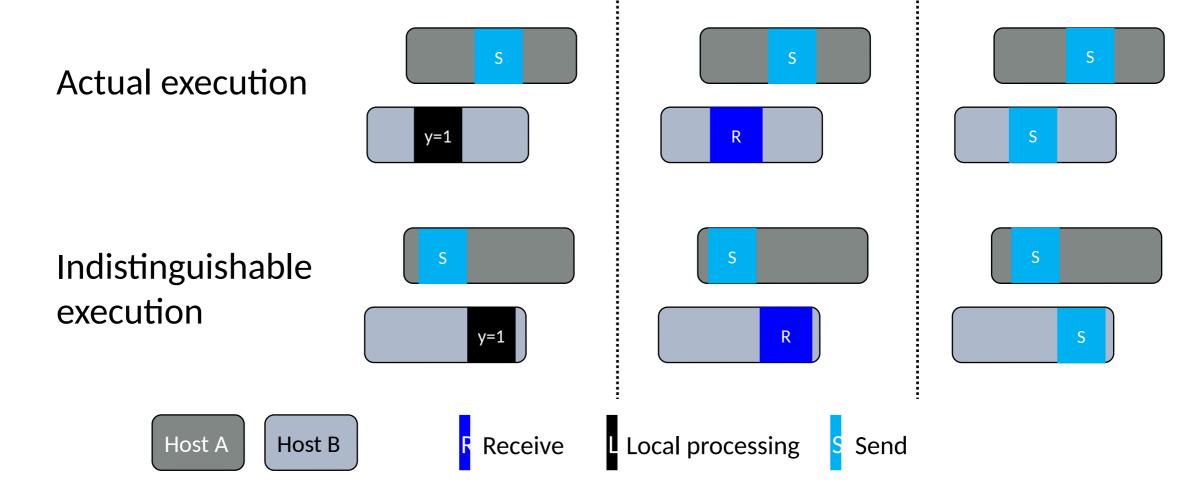


#### Receives are not left movers



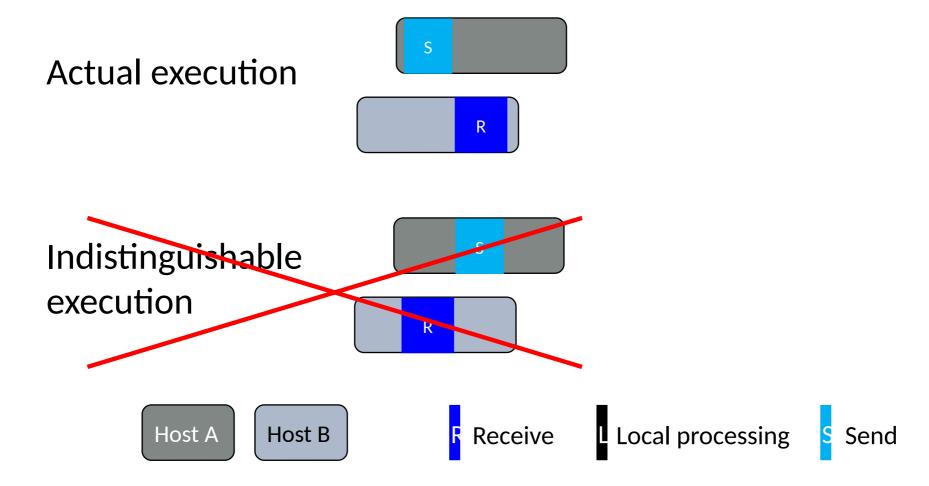


#### Sends are left movers





## Sends are not right movers



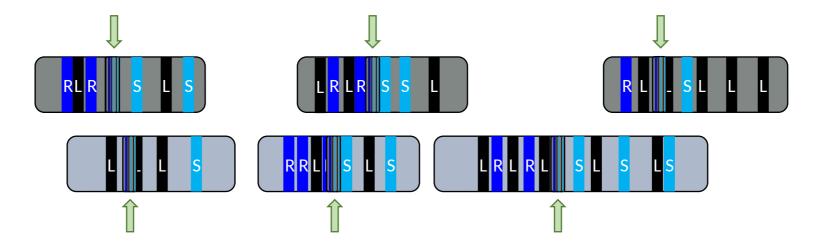


## **Summary of movers**

- Local computation moves both ways
- Sends move to the left
- Receives move to the right



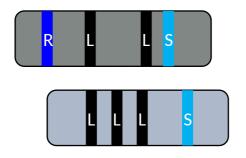
## Creating the atomic trace







## Creating the atomic trace

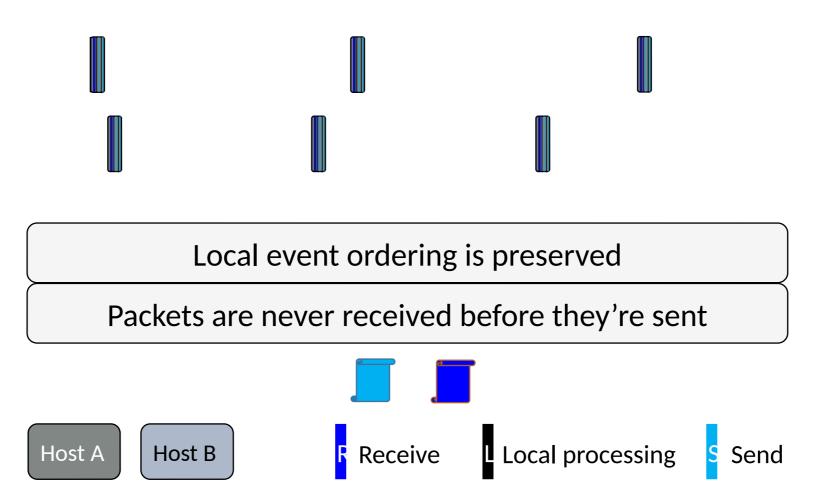


We can keep moving individual instructions to the left/right, until the entire action is atomic (i.e. does not interleave with other actions)



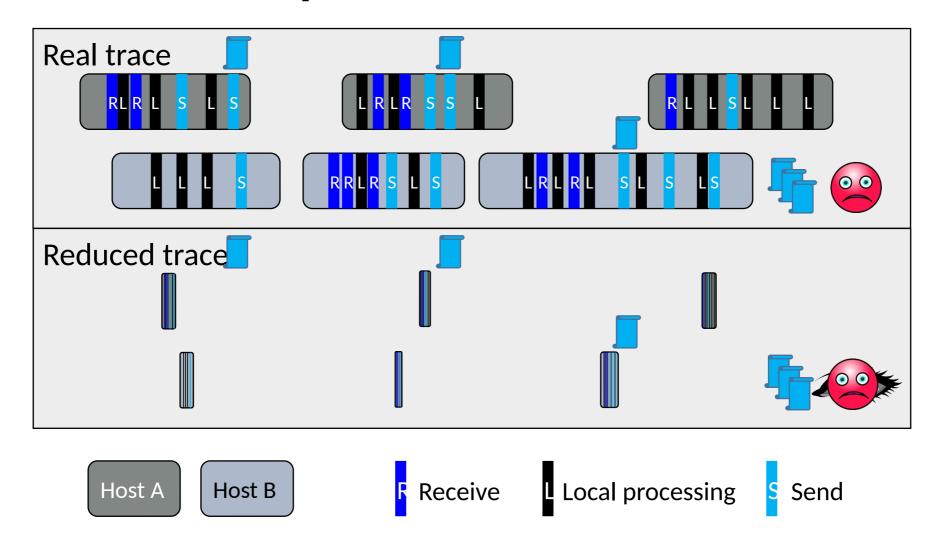


# The atomic trace is legal



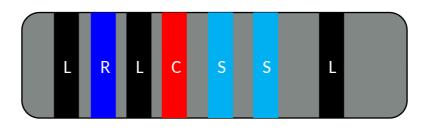


#### The atomic trace preserves failures





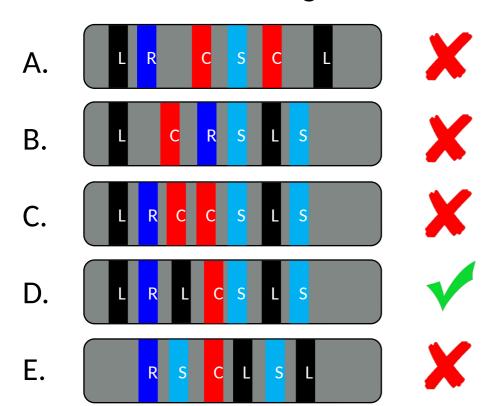
#### Reading the clock is a "non-mover"



You can only have one of these, and it must be the "atomic point"

#### **Reduction quiz**

Which of the following actions are amenable to reduction?



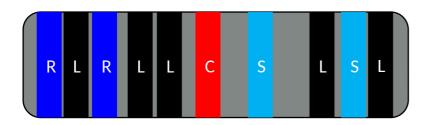
You can only have one clock read, and it must be the "atomic point"

Receives before Clock, Sends after Clock



#### Reduction-enabling obligation

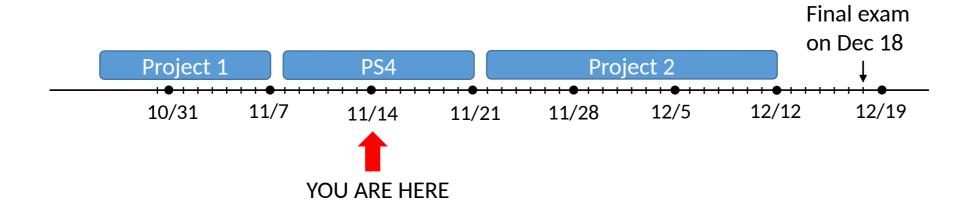
- Each action should be of the form:
  - R\* C? S\*
  - i.e., Receives then Clock then Sends
    - with local actions interspersed between them





#### **Administrivia**

• PS4 (Chapter 6 – Refinement) is due next week



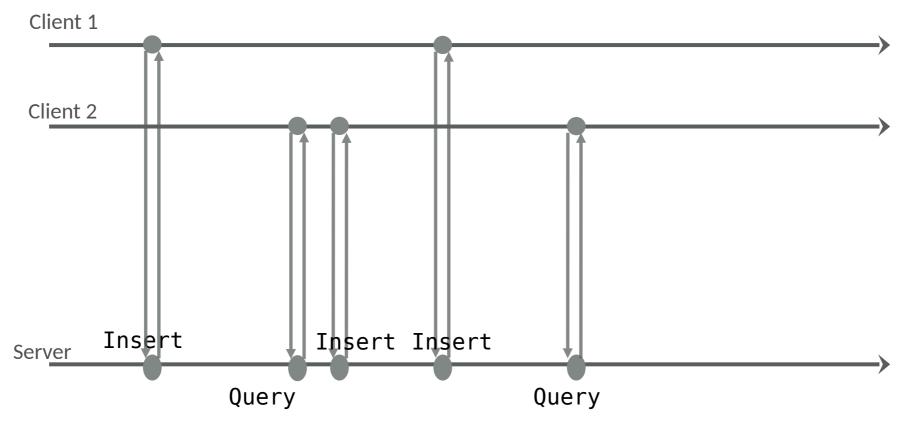


## Synchronous specs

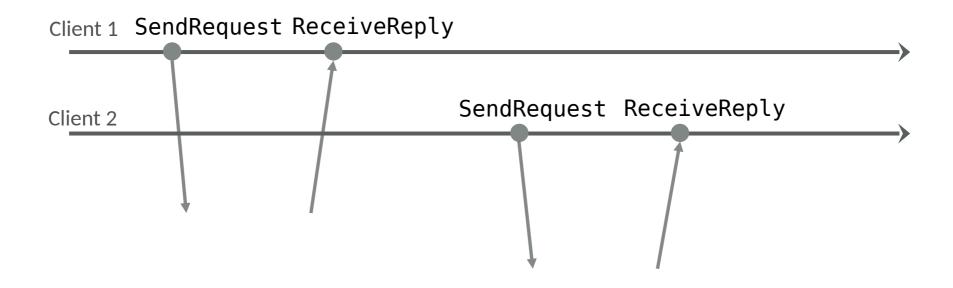
```
module MapSpec {
  datatype Variables = Variables(mapp:map<Key, Value>)
  predicate InsertOp(v:Variables, v':Variables, key:Key,
value:Value) {
  predicate QueryOp(v:Variables, v':Variables, key:Key,
output:Value) {
   Insert
                   Insert Insert
                                  Query
            Query
```



## Synchronous specs

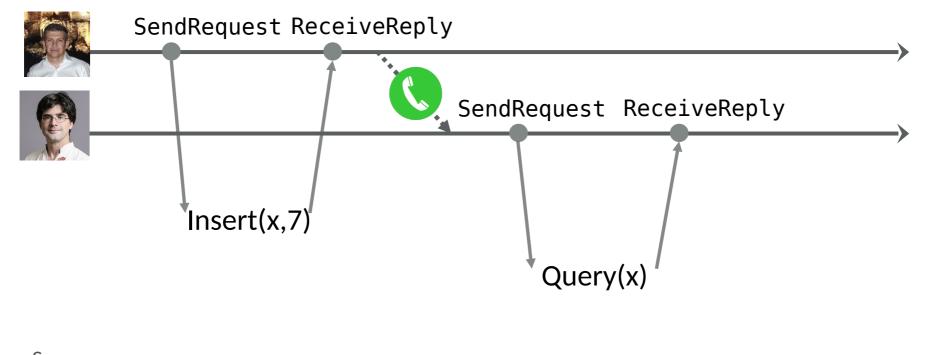


## Asynchrony in real life



Server

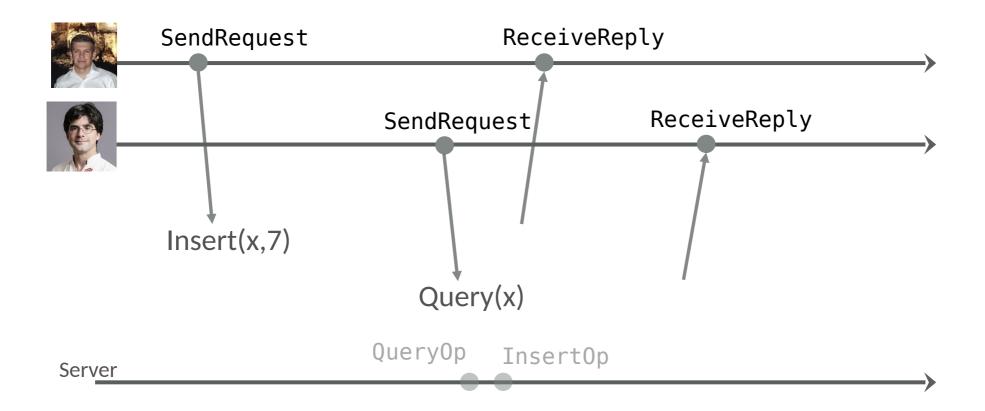
## Linearizability



Server

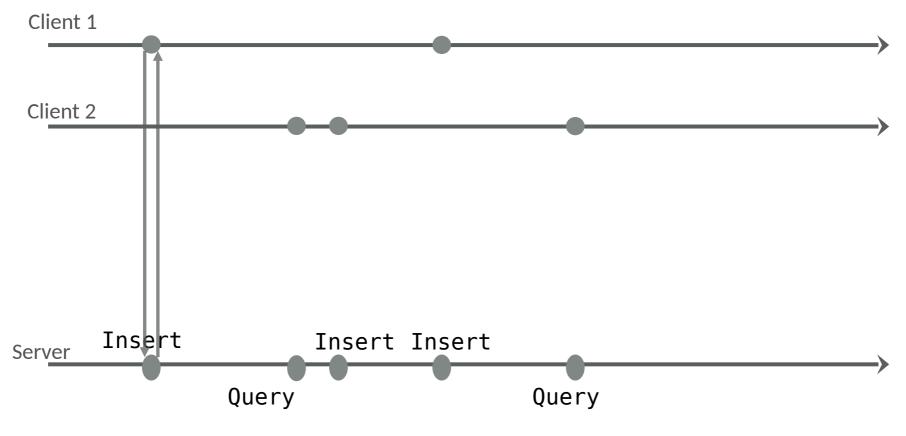


## Linearizability





## The limitation of Synchronous specs





#### The answer: more events!

Instead of:



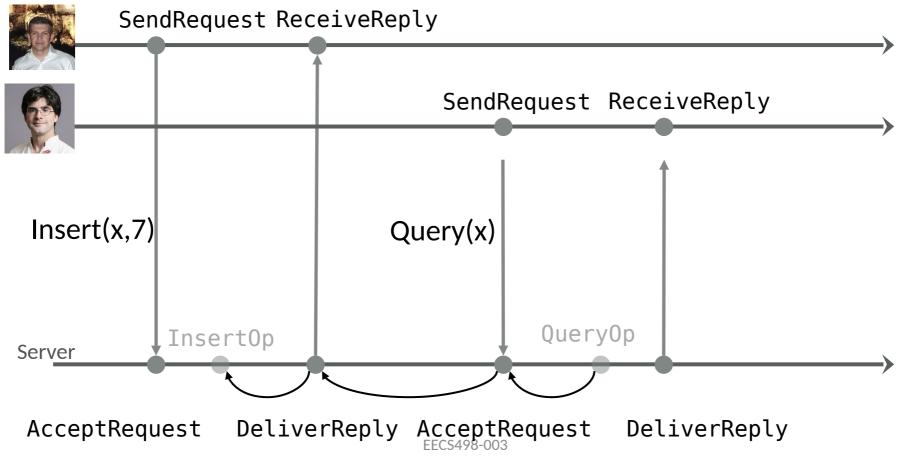
Use this:



EECS498-003 30

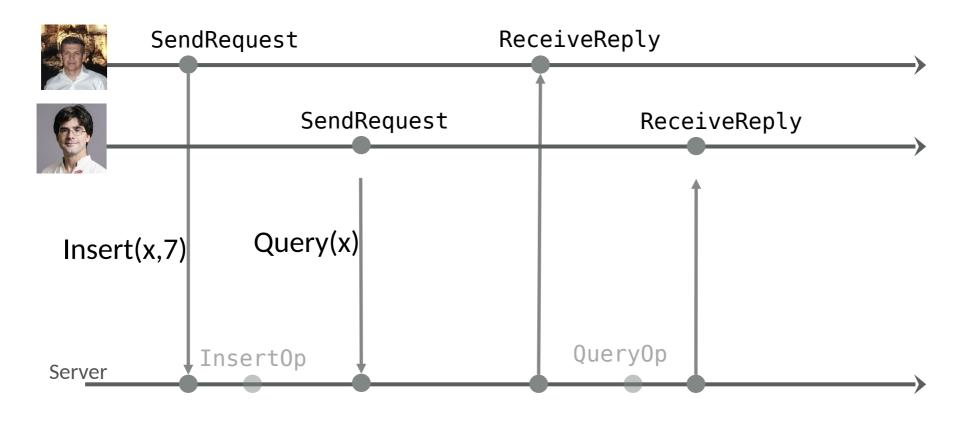


## **Example run**



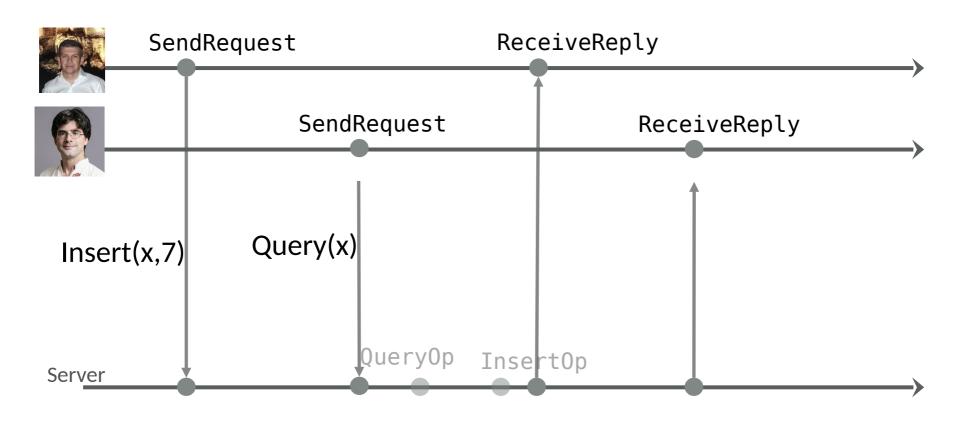


## Example run #2





## Example run #2





#### **Administrivia**

No class this Monday, 04/08

- No lab this Friday, extra OH instead
  - Keshav will make an announcement with the exact time on Piazza
- Final exam logistics
  - Time: May 2, 8-10am
  - Location: This classroom, COOL G906
  - If you have special accommodations, I will email you about the time/place



## Dafny: finite set heuristics

```
predicate IsEven(x:int) {
  x/2*2==x
predicate IsModest(x:int) {
0 <= x < 10
lemma IsThisSetFinite() {
  var modestEvens := set x | IsModest(x) &&
IsEven(x);
  assert modestEvens == \{0,2,4,6,8\};
                 Error: the result of a set comprehension must be finite, but Dafny's
                 heuristics can't figure out how to produce a bounded set of values for 'x'
```

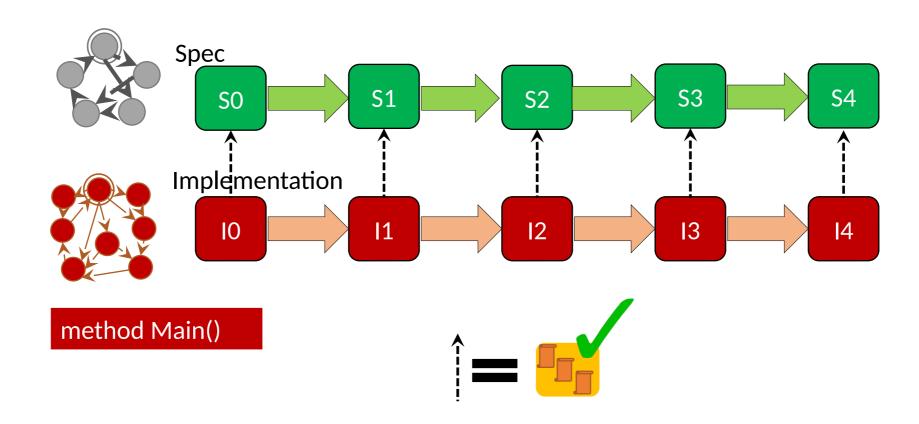


## Dafny: finite set heuristics

```
predicate IsEven(x:int) {
 x/2*2==x
predicate IsModest(x:int) {
 0 <= x < 10
function ModestNumbers() : set<int> {
 set x \mid 0 \le x < 10
lemma IsThisSetFinite() {
 var modestEvens := set x | x in ModestNumbers() &&
IsEven(x);
 assert modestEvens == \{0,2,4,6,8\};
```



## Refinement (down to an implementation)

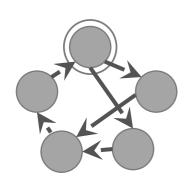




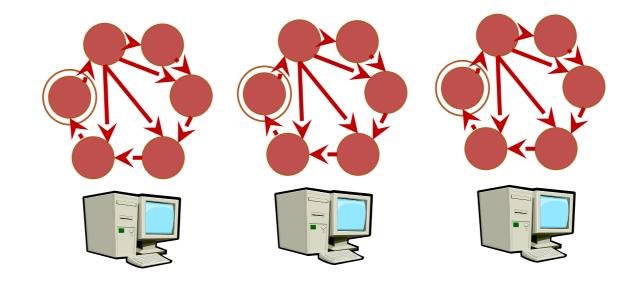
#### **Example: Map spec**



## **Implementation**



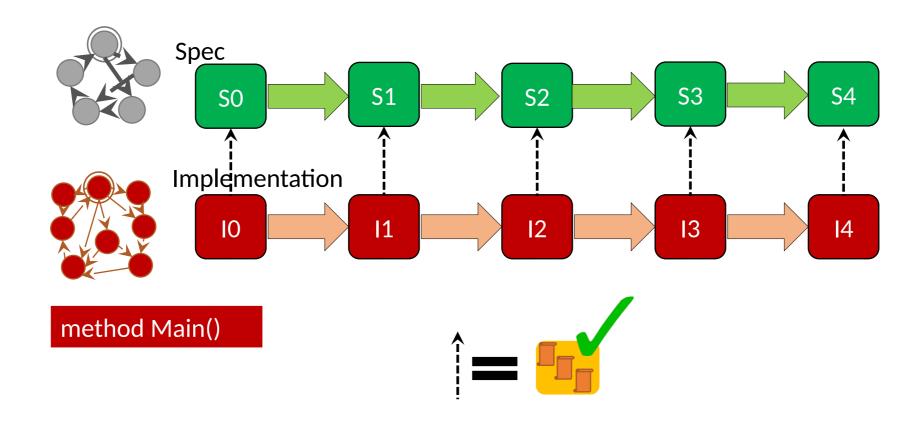
```
method Main()
{
   var v:ImplVariables;
   v := ImplInit();
   while (true) {
      v := EventHandler(v);
   }
}
```



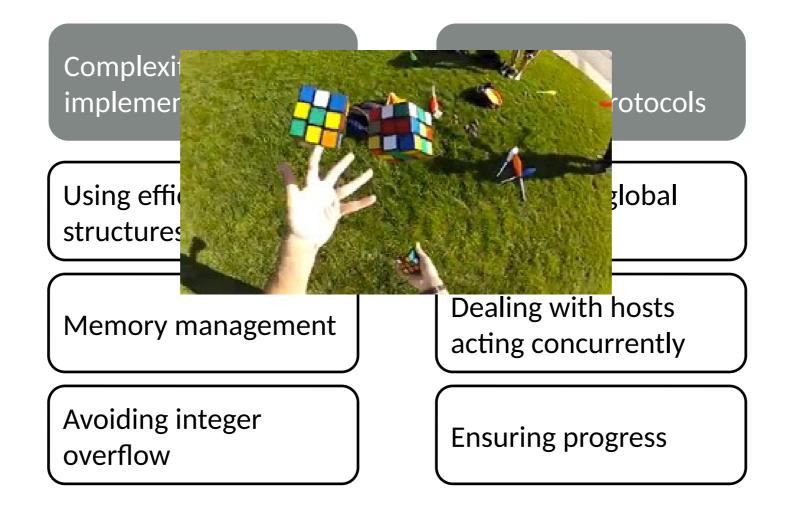
Host implementation is a singlethreaded event-handler loop



## We could do direct refinement, but...







# **Separation of concerns**

Complexities of implementation

Using efficient data structures

Memory management

Avoiding integer overflow

Subtleties of distributed protocols

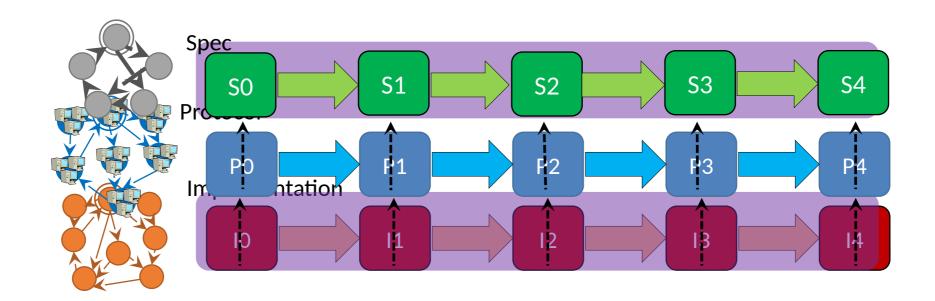
Maintaining global invariants

Dealing with hosts acting concurrently

**Ensuring progress** 



#### **Two-level refinement**





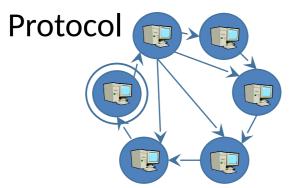
## **Protocol Layer**

```
seq<int>
array<uint64>
```

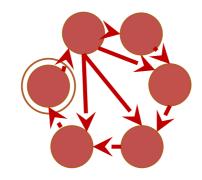
```
predicate ProtocolNext(v:HostState, v':HostState)
method EventHandler(v:HostState) returns (v':HostState)
type Message = MessageRequest() | MessageReply()
type Packet = array<byte>
                                    Refines
                                            Implementation
                    Protocol steps
                                               (methods)
                     (predicates)
```



## From Implementation to Protocol





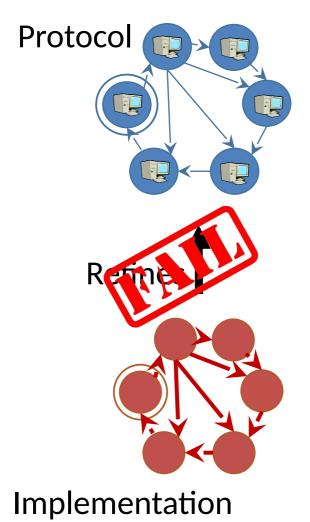


```
Implementation
```

```
function Abstraction(impl:ImplVariables) : Variables
{
     Variables(int(impl.x), int(impl.y))
}
```



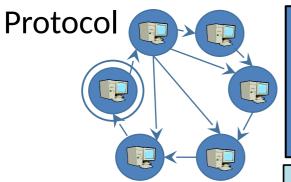
## From Implementation to Protocol



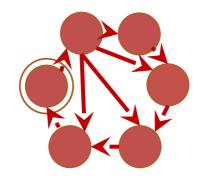
```
function Abstraction(impl:ImplVariables) : Variables
{
         Variables(int(impl.x), int(impl.y))
}
```



## From Implementation to Protocol







**Implementation** 

```
datatype Variables = Variables(x:int, y:int)

predicate MoveNorth(v:Variables, v':Variables)
{
          v'.x == v.x;
          v'.y == v.y + 1;
}
```

```
function Abstraction(impl:ImplVariables) : Variables
{
     Variables(int(impl.x), int(impl.y))
}
```



# The big picture

